Issue Date: 08/01

Material Safety Data Sheet Cellu-Treat™

WOOD PRESERVATIVE

Health Emergencies: CHEMTREC® (800) 424-93110

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer: NISUS Corporation 215 Dunavant Drive

Rockford, TN 37853

(800) 264-0870 Fax: (865) 577-5825

Product name:Cellu-Treat™Product use:Wood PreservativeChemical formula:Na $_2$ B $_8$ O $_{13}$ 4H $_2$ O

Chemical name/synonyms: Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate

Chemical family: Inorganic borates
CAS registry number: 12280-03-4
EPA registration number: 64405-8

(Refer to Section IS for TSCA/DSL Chemical inventory listing)

SECTION II – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT INFORMATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Cellu-Treat is a white, odorless, powdered substance that is not flammable, combustible, or explosive and has low acute oral and dermal toxicity.

POTENTIAL ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS: Large amounts of Cellu-Treat can be harmful to plants and other species. Therefore, releases to the environment should he minimized.

POTENTIAL HEALLTH EFFECTS: Routes of exposure: Inhalation is the most significant route of exposure in occupational and other settings. Dermal exposure is not usually a concern because Cellu-Treat is poorly absorbed through intact skin.

INHALATION: Occasional mild irritation effects to nose and throat may occur from inhalation of Cellu-Treat dust at levels greater than 10 mg/m³.

EYE CONTACT: Cellu-Treat is non-irritating to eyes in normal use.

SKIN CONTACT: Cellu-Treat does not cause irritation to intact skin. **INGESTION:** Products containing Cellu-Treat are not intended for ingestion. Cellu-Treat has a low acute toxicity. Small amounts (e.g., a teaspoonful) swallowed accidentally are not likely to cause effects; swallowing amounts larger than that may cause gastrointestinal symptoms.

Cancer: Cellu-Treat is not a known carcinogen.

Signs and symptoms of exposure: Symptoms of accidental over-exposure to Cellu-Treat might include nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, with delayed effects of skin redness and peeling.

Personal protection: Eye protection, protective clothing, and waterproof gloves may be necessary under certain high exposure conditions. Otherwise, refer to label for actual regulatory personal protection requirements.

Occupational exposure limits: Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate (Cellu-Treat) is considered to be a nuisance dust by OSHA, Cal OSHA, and ACGIH. The OSHA/PEL is 15mg/m³ total dust and 5mg/m³ respirable dust. The Cal OSHA/PEL and ACGIH/TLV are 10 mg/m³. Use local exhaust or engineering controls to prevent exceeding exposure limits if possible.

SECTION III - FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: If symptoms such as nose or throat irritation are observed, remove person to fresh air.

Eye Contact: Use eye wash fountain or fresh water to cleanse eye. If irritation persists for more than 30 minutes, seek medical attention.

Skin Contact: No treatment necessary because non-irritating. **Ingestion:** Swallowing small quantities (one teaspoon) will cause no harm to healthy adults. If larger amounts arc swallowed, give two glasses of water to drink and seek medical attention.

SECTION IV - ACCIDENTAL RELEAE MEASURES

General: Cellu-Treat is a water-soluble white powder that may, at high concentrations, cause damage to trees or vegetation by root absorption.

Land spill: Vacuum, shovel or sweep up Cellu-Treat and place in container for disposal in accordance with applicable local regulations. Avoid contamination of water bodies during cleanup and disposal.

Spillage into water: Where possible, remove any intact containers from the water. Advise local water authority that none of the affected water should be used for irrigation or for the abstraction of potable water until natural dilution returns the boron value to its normal environmental background level.

Cellu-Treat is a non-hazardous waste when spilled or disposed of; as defined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations (40 CFR 261).

SECTION V - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: White, odorless, powder 320 to 480 kg/m³ Negligible @ 20°C

Solubility in water: 9.7% @ 20°C; 34.3% @ 50°C

Melting point: 815°C

pH @ 20°C: 8.3 (3.0% solution) 7.6 (10.0% solution)

SECTION VI – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES AND HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

Fire Fighting Measures

General Hazard: None, because Cellu-Treat is not flammable, combustible or explosive. The product is itself a flame retardant. **Extinguishing Media:** Any extinguishing media may be used on nearby fires.

Flammability Classification (29CFR1910.1200): Non-flammable solid

General: Cellu-Treat is a stable product. **Hazardous decomposition:** None.

Handling Instructions

General: No special handling precautions are required, but dry indoor storage is recommended. Good housekeeping procedures should he followed to minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Storage Conditions: Ambient air temperatures and a low moisture environment.

Incompatible materials and conditions to avoid: Reaction with strong reducing agents, such as metal hydrides or alkali metals, will generate hydrogen gas, which could create explosive hazard.

SECTION VII – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Ingestion: Low acute oral toxicity; LD_{50} in rats is 2,550 mg/kg of body weight.

Skin/dermal: Low, acute dermal toxicity; LD_{50} in rabbits is greater than 2,000 mg/kg of body weight. Cellu-Treat is poorly absorbed through intact skin.

Inhalation: Low acute inhalation toxicity; LD_{50} in rats is greater than 2.0 mg/L (or g/m³).

Skin irritation: Non-irritant.

Eye irritation: Draize test in rabbits produced mild eye irritation effects. Years of occupational exposure to Cellu-Treat indicates no adverse effects on human eye. Therefore Cellu-Treat is not considered to be a human eye irritant in normal industrial use.

Sensitization: Cellu-Treat is not a skin sensitizer.

SECTION VIII - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Data

General: Boron (B) is the element in disodium octaborate tetrahydrate (Cellu-Treat) which is used by convention to report borate product ecological effects. To convert disodium octaborate tetrahydrate into the equivalent boron (B) content, multiply by 0.2096.

Phytotoxicity: Boron is an essential micronutrient for healthy growth of plants; however, it can he harmful to boron sensitive plants (e.g. grass and ornamentals) in high quantities.

Algal Toxicity: Green algae, *Scenedesmus subspicatus* 96-hr EC₁₀ = 24 mg B/L

Invertebrate Toxicity: Daphnids, Daphnia magna straus

24-hr EC₅₀=242 mg B/L

Test substance: sodium tetraborate

Fish Toxicity: Seawater:

Dab, *Limanda limanda* 96-hr LC₅₀ 74 MG B/LL

Freshwater:

Rainbow trout, S. gairdneri (embryo-larval stage)

24-day $LC_{50} = 88 \text{ mg B/L}$ 32-day LC_{50}) = 54 mg B/L

Goldfish, Carassius auratus (embryo-larval stage)

7-day $LC_{50} = 65 \text{ mg B/L}$ 3-day $LC_{50} = 71 \text{ mg B/L}$

SECTION IX - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Guidance: Consult state and local authorities for disposal guidelines.

RCRA (40 CFR 261): Cellu-Treat is not listed under any sections of the Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).

SECTION X - REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA/Cal OSHA: This MSDS document meets the requirements of both OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200) and Cal OSHA (Title 8 CCR 5194 (g)) hazard communication standards. Refer to Section 8 for regulatory exposure limits.

FIFRA: Cellu-Treat is registered with the EPA (EPA Reg. No. 64405-8), in accordance with Section 3 of FIFRA, as a pesticide product. U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory 12008-41

RCRA: Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate is not listed as a hazardous waste under any sections of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) or regulations (40 CFR 261 et seq).

California Proposition 65: Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate (Cellu-Treat) is not listed on the Proposition 65 list of carcinogens or reproductive toxicants.

Superfund: CERCLA/SARA. Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate is not listed.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA): Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate is not regulated under the SDWA, 42 USC 300g-I, 40 CFR 141 *et seq.* Consult state and local regulations for possible water quality advisories regarding boron compounds.

Clean Water Act (CWA) (Federal Water Pollution Control Act): 33 USC 1251 et seq.

- Disodium octaborate tetrahydrate (Cellu-Treat) is not itself a discharge covered by any water quality criteria of Section 304 of the CWA, 33 USC 1314.
- It is not on the Section 307 List of Priority Pollutants, 33 USC 1317, 40 CFR 129.
- It is not on the Section 311 List of Hazardous Substances, 33 USC 1321, 40 CFR 116.

Transportation Information: DOT hazardous classification. Disodium Octaborate Tetrahydrate (Cellu-Treat) is not regulated by the U.S. Department of Transportation.

For further information contact: Nisus Corporation Technical and Sales Support: 1-800-264-0870



The World's Leader in Borate Technology.

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